

# ISHAN'S ENGLISH CARE

## Previous Years' Question

University  
Admission

### Topics: One Word Substitution

#### Dhaka University

- One who makes journey to a holy place is a/an \_\_\_\_\_. [DU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) refugee (B) traveller  
 (C) immigrant (D) pilgrim
- 'There scores' means \_\_\_\_\_. [DU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) thirty times (B) three hundred times  
 (C) three times twenty (D) less than twenty
- Because of its global status and colonial history, English is often considered to have-. [DU-B: 22-23]  
 (A) monopoly (B) hegemony  
 (C) sanctimony (D) equanimity
- If we are skeptical you are-. [A: 20-21]  
 (A) credulous (B) villainous  
 (C) philosophical (D) doubtful
- The expression 'distinctive qualities' means those qualities of a person which. [C: 19-20]  
 (A) are the same as those of others  
 (B) make him/her different from others  
 (C) emphasis honesty in him/her  
 (D) depend on his/her instincts
- A 'cardiologist' is a doctor who treats \_\_\_\_\_. [D: 18-19]  
 (A) cancer (B) heart patients  
 (C) leprosy (D) dengue fever
- An Ophthalmologist is a doctor of the \_\_\_\_\_. [D(re-exam): 18-19]  
 (A) bones (B) nerves  
 (C) eyes (D) nose and throat
- A strict vegetarian \_\_\_\_\_. [A: 17-18]  
 (A) rarely eats animal products  
 (B) sometimes eats eggs  
 (C) never eats any animal products  
 (D) never eats protein
- One who draws maps is called a \_\_\_\_\_. [D: 17-18]  
 (A) compositor (B) cartographer  
 (C) apothecary (D) curator
- The meaning of the word 'nocturnal' is \_\_\_\_\_. [D: 17-18]  
 (A) sleepy in the afternoon  
 (B) occurring or active at night  
 (C) sleepless during the day  
 (D) passive during night
- Substitution of an unpleasant or vulgar expression is called: [B: 15-16]  
 (A) euphemism (B) alliteration  
 (C) alusion (D) eponym
- "Plagiarism" is the act of \_\_\_\_\_. [B: 14-15]

- Pleasing somebody superficially  
 (B) making fun of somebody for amusement  
 (C) taking somebody's ideas without acknowledgment  
 (D) indulging in self-satisfaction
- A closing speech in a play, often delivered after the completion of the main action, is called- [B: 14-15]  
 (A) a monologue (B) an epilogue  
 (C) a prologue (D) a dialogue
- A cobbler is a person who \_\_\_\_\_. [D: 14-15]  
 (A) sells shoes (B) mends cobblestones  
 (C) mends shoes (D) exports cobblestones
- The planting and care of woody plants, especially trees, is known as \_\_\_\_\_. [A: 13-14]  
 (A) arboriculture (B) husbandry  
 (C) pisciculture (D) aquaculture
- "Oncology" relates to \_\_\_\_\_. [A: 13-14]  
 (A) law (B) medicine  
 (C) ecology (D) environment
- "Malignancy" is \_\_\_\_\_. [A: 13-14]  
 (A) the feeling of hatred  
 (B) the state of a disease likely to cause death  
 (C) the science of maleness  
 (D) the belief in life after death
- A philanthropist is someone who \_\_\_\_\_. [A: 13-14]  
 (A) is extremely intelligent  
 (B) is rich and helps the poor and the needy  
 (C) studied philology  
 (D) understands the secret of the needy
- 'Pediatric' relates to the treatment of \_\_\_\_\_. [C: 12-13]  
 (A) adults (B) women  
 (C) old people (D) children  
 (E) men
- A mediator is \_\_\_\_\_. [C: 11-12]  
 (A) a thoughtful person  
 (B) a middle man  
 (C) a media expert  
 (D) someone inclined to meditation  
 (E) a settler of disputes
- The word 'anthropology' is related to \_\_\_\_\_. [D: 09-10]  
 (A) the study of diseases  
 (B) the study of evolution  
 (C) the study of minerals  
 (D) the study of mankind

#### Jahangirnagar University

- One who eats human flesh is called- [JU-C: 23-24]

- (A) beast (B) cannibal  
(C) voracious (D) carnivorous
23. A speech delivered without any previous preparation is called- [JU-C: 23-24]  
(A) abrupt (B) spontaneous  
(C) maiden (D) extempore
24. Rahima is fluent in six different languages. Her language ability makes her a \_\_\_\_ [JU-C1: 23-24]  
(A) Bilingual (B) Polyglot  
(C) Monolingual (D) Linguist
25. Story of old-time gods and heroes is known as – [JU-A: 22-23]  
(A) myth (B) epic  
(C) legend (D) historic
26. Someone who designs house is \_\_\_\_ [JU-E: 22-23]  
(A) A designer (B) An architect  
(C) A builder (D) A plumber
27. If a part of speech or writing breaks the theme, it is called \_\_\_\_ [B: 21-22]  
(A) pomposity (B) exaggeration  
(C) digression (D) anti-climax
28. One who abandons his religious faith is called \_\_\_\_ [B: 21-22]  
(A) apostate (B) profane  
(C) prostate (D) agnostic
29. 'A hater of knowledge and learning' is called- [B: 21-22]  
(A) Bibliophile (B) Misogynist  
(C) Philologist (D) Misologist
30. A person who is indifferent to pains and pleasure of life is called- [B: 21-22]  
(A) Stoic (B) Psychiatrist  
(C) Sadist (D) Aristocrat
31. The people who carry a coffin at a funeral are called \_\_\_\_ [B: 21-22]  
(A) Undertakers (B) Pallbearers  
(C) Supporters (D) Mourners
32. Substitute the following sentence with one word. A person who renounces the world and practices self-discipline in order to attain salvation. [B: 21-22]  
(A) Sceptic (B) Devotee  
(C) Ascetic (D) Antiquarian
33. Choose the most appropriate substitution. That which cannot be seen through. []  
(A) Luminous (B) Translucent  
(C) Opaque (D) Transparent
34. In English grammar, \_\_\_\_ deals with the formation of sentences. [B: 18-19]  
(A) Syntax (B) Morphology  
(C) Semantics (D) Etymology
35. In English grammar, \_\_\_\_ deals with the origin and history of the words. [B: 18-19]  
(A) Syntax (B) Morphology  
(C) Semantics (D) Etymology

36. In English grammar, \_\_\_\_ deals with the meaning of the sentences and words. [B: 18-19]  
(A) Syntax (B) Morphology  
(C) Semantics (D) Etymology
37. What kind of dream is soft and short lasting? [C: 17-18]  
(A) sweet dream during sleep  
(B) nightmare  
(C) day dream  
(D) hallucination
38. A word which can be interpreted in any way is: [C: 12-13]  
(A) ambiguous (B) confusing  
(C) anachronistic (D) foolish
39. The custom of having many wives is called: [C: 12-13]  
(A) polygamy (B) bigamy  
(C) matrimony (D) pigmy
40. One who eats everything is: []  
(A) omnivorous (B) omnipotent  
(C) omnipresent (D) ominous

#### Rajshahi University

41. The study of ancient societies: [RU-Business: 23-24]  
(A) Anthropology (B) Anthology  
(C) Archaeology (D) History
42. Something pathological is \_\_\_\_ [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) impossible to control  
(B) under examination  
(C) arising from pathos  
(D) creating diseases
43. One of the meanings of 'prolific' is \_\_\_\_ [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) unproductive (B) fertile  
(C) scarce (D) stagnant
44. A philologist deals with development of \_\_\_\_ [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) Philosophy (B) Philanthropy  
(C) Language (D) Knowledge
45. Lions are carnivores. Here 'carnivore' means- [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) Plant eater (B) Fish eater  
(C) Meat eater (D) Vegetarian
46. A person who is 100 years old or old or older than that is a- [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) century (B) hundredth  
(C) centenarian (D) quadragenarian
47. A pilgrim is a person who undertakes a journey to- [RU-A: 23-24]  
(A) old cities (B) a university  
(C) a holy place (D) a new country
48. A speech full of too many words is- [RU-A: 22-23]  
(A) a big speech (B) a maiden speech  
(C) a verbose speech (D) a laconic speech
49. A word that expresses some sudden feelings is called- [RU-B: 22-23]

- 50. A dramatist is also called a-** [RU-C: 22-23]  
 (A) drama queen (B) playwright  
 (C) playwright (D) dramatic
- 51. A person who uses their strength to frighten or hurt weaker people is called-** [RU-C: 22-23]  
 (A) a fighter (B) a bully  
 (C) a tool (D) a cardre
- 52. A playwright is a person who--** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) compose music for plays  
 (B) writes plays  
 (C) acts on stage  
 (D) owns a theatre
- 53. 'A narrative' is a form of writing that-** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) tells a story  
 (B) gives features of something  
 (C) argues for or against somrthing  
 (D) analysis a story
- 54. A person who draws maps is called a-** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) curator (B) cartographer  
 (C) surveyor (D) calligrapher
- 55. The conversation between two characters in a play is called-** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) prologue (B) epilogue  
 (C) dialogue (D) chorus
- 56. A personal letter does not contain-** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) greetings (B) date  
 (C) address (D) subject line
- 57. 'A travelogue' is a-** [A: 21-22]  
 (A) travel guide  
 (B) travel map  
 (C) a piece of writing about travel  
 (D) a kind of travel sickness
- 58. One who gives public speeches is called:** [C: 21-22]  
 (A) a pacaher (B) a leader  
 (C) an orator (D) a loud speaker
- 59. A "hyperbole" is a/an.....** [A: 20-21]  
 (A) authentic statement of something  
 (B) overstatement of something  
 (C) understatement of something  
 (D) hesitant statement of something
- 60. "To scowl" is to.....** [A: 20-21]  
 (A) look at someone is an angry way  
 (B) smile at someone  
 (C) hide your disgust for something  
 (D) express your love for someone
- 61. The word "arrow" is associated with.....** [A: 20-21]  
 (A) library (B) archery  
 (C) river (D) animal
- 62. One who loves books is called a-.**  [C: 20-21]  
 (A) bibliographer (B) bibliophile  
 (C) book-maker (D) books-lover
- 63. Who is a netizen?** [A: 19-20]  
 (A) one who uses the internet  
 (B) a bad citizen  
 (C) one who is not a citizen of a country  
 (D) a citizen of Nottingham
- 64. Who is a misogynist? A man Who\_\_\_\_.** [A: 18-19]  
 (A) hates women (B) hates children  
 (C) is afraid of woman (D) adores women
- 65. A person who eats human flesh is a\_\_\_\_.** [A: 18-19]  
 (A) carnivore (B) cobbler  
 (C) cannibal (D) cartographer
- 66. What is the meaning of 'genocide'?** [A: 17-18]  
 (A) deliberate killing of a whole group or race of people  
 (B) killing of women and children  
 (C) general destruction  
 (D) killing of a king
- 67. A person whose age is in the sixties is called a/an-** [A: 15-16]  
 (A) Octogenarian (B) Sixtyish  
 (C) 60-year-old (D) Sexagenarian
- 68. An introvert is one who is mostly \_\_\_\_.** [A: 14-15]  
 (A) social (B) interesting  
 (C) interactive (D) self-absorbed
- 69. An affidavit is-** [E: 10-11]  
 (A) oral oath taking in the court  
 (B) written statement of a witness  
 (C) written statement made under oath  
 (D) written statement made in a court
- 70. 'One who breaks images' is called-** [A: 12-13]  
 (A) Importer (B) Iconoclast  
 (C) Cannibal (D) Aviary
- 71. A Patriot is\_\_\_\_.** [E: 12-13]  
 (A) who loves his country  
 (B) who loves his family  
 (C) who loves his comrades  
 (D) who loves his children
- Chattogram University**
- 72. What is the dwelling place of a spider?** [CU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) stable (B) web  
 (C) igloo (D) lair
- 73. One who makes journey to a holy place is a/an\_\_\_\_.** [CU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) refugee (B) traveler  
 (C) immigrant (D) pilgrim
- 74. 'Three scores' means\_\_\_\_.** [CU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) thirty times (B) three hundred times  
 (C) three times twenty (D) less than twenty
- 75. Where do penguins typically make their homes?** [CU-Humanities: 23-24]  
 (A) burrow (B) den  
 (C) igloo (D) nest
- 76. Giving under favours to one's kith and kin is called\_\_\_\_.** [CU-B: 23-24]

- ☐ nepotism                      ☐ favouritism  
☐ formalism                      ☐ meritocracy
77. An 'elegy' is a \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 23-24]  
☐ satire                      ☐ limerick  
☐ romantic song                      ☒ poem of lamentation
78. A book of word and their synonyms is called a \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 23-24]  
☒ thesaurus                      ☐ dictionary  
☐ etymology                      ☐ collocation
79. A person who writes or edits a \_\_\_\_\_ is called a lexicographer. [CU-B: 23-24]  
☐ letter                      ☐ book  
☒ dictionary                      ☐ newspaper
80. One who eats human flesh is \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☐ a ghost                      ☒ a cannibal  
☐ a vampire                      ☐ a blood-sucker
81. 'Quorum' means \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☐ additional number                      ☐ number  
☐ inadequate number                      ☒ required number
82. A person who studies the history of languages is a \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☐ philanthropist                      ☒ philologist  
☐ philosopher                      ☐ playwright
83. The word 'oligarchy' refers to \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☒ government by a small group of very powerful people  
☐ government by a large group of very powerful people  
☐ government by a small group of the powerful people  
☐ government by a large group of very powerful people
84. 'A cliché' is \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☒ an overused expression  
☐ a novel expression  
☐ a universal truth  
☐ a clear expression
85. 'Sub judice' refers to \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 23-24]  
☐ The cases which can be discussed in the media  
☒ The cases which cannot be discussed in the media  
☐ The cases which are against the state  
☐ The cases which are in favour of the state
86. A person who is unaffected by emotions is called \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☒ stoic                      ☐ pessimist  
☐ optimist                      ☐ henpecked
87. The single word for 'hundredth anniversary' is-. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☒ centenary                      ☐ jubilee  
☐ sesquicentennial                      ☐ century
88. The gender-inclusive word for 'weatherman' is-. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☒ meteorologist                      ☐ oncologist  
☐ watcher                      ☐ caster
89. A 'short journey to do a job' is called '\_\_\_\_\_'. [CU-B: 22-23]

- ☒ errand                      ☐ trip  
☐ voyage                      ☐ none
90. Someone who is capricious is \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ easily irritated  
☐ willing to cooperate  
☐ exceedingly conceited and arrogant  
☒ known for sudden changes in attitude or behavior
91. An extra message added at the end of a letter after it is signed is called \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ corrigendum                      ☒ postscript  
☐ NB                      ☐ RSVP
92. The person who has committed such an \_\_\_\_\_ crime must be severely punished. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ injurious                      ☐ unworthy  
☐ uncharitable                      ☒ abominable
93. The last sentence of a paragraph is called \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ topic sentence                      ☐ climax  
☐ modulator                      ☒ terminator
94. A man who is averse to change and progress is said to be \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ liberal                      ☐ hypocrite  
☒ conservative                      ☐ ambitious
95. A fictitious name used by an author is a \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ taciturn                      ☒ pseudonym  
☐ contronym                      ☐ taboo
96. A person unable to pay his debts is \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 22-23]  
☐ miser                      ☐ poor  
☒ bankrupt                      ☐ solvent
97. A CHARLATAN is a person who \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-D: 22-23]  
☒ pretends to have skills that they don't have  
☐ has kills  
☐ works in a actives  
☐ has honesty
98. 'Seismology' is the study of '\_\_\_\_' [CU-B: 22-23]  
☐ weather                      ☐ insects  
☒ earthquakes                      ☐ plants
99. One who loves and serves mankind is called \_\_\_\_\_. [B: 21-22]  
☐ an optimist                      ☐ a misanthropist  
☐ a pantheist                      ☒ a philanthropist
100. Diaspora refers to people who are \_\_\_\_\_. [B: 21-22]  
☒ permanent migrants                      ☐ unskilled migrant laborers  
☐ foreign residents                      ☐ political leaders
101. A person who draws maps is a \_\_\_\_\_. [B: 21-22]  
☐ lexicographer                      ☐ geologist  
☐ topographer                      ☒ cartographer
102. A person who looks on the bright side of things is called -. [B: 21-22]  
☐ pessimist                      ☒ optimist  
☐ cynic                      ☐ anarchist
103. An animal story with a moral is called \_\_\_\_\_. [CU-B: 22-23]



- [B1: 21-22]
- ☐ A fable ☐ B tale  
☐ C parable ☐ D allegory
- 104. The original inhabitants of a country are called \_\_\_\_.** [B1: 21-22]  
☐ A citizens ☐ B natives  
☐ C aborigines ☐ D countrymen
- 105. Life history of a person written by another is called \_\_\_\_.** [B1: 21-22]  
☐ A autobiography ☐ B memoir  
☐ C biography ☐ D elegy
- 106. A person who lives in Moscow is known as a \_\_\_\_.** [D: 21-22]  
☐ A Moscovite ☐ B Moscovian  
☐ C Moscowine ☐ D Moscovite
- 107. A book containing summarized information on all branches of knowledge is called \_\_\_\_.** [D: 21-22]  
☐ A Dictionary ☐ B Anthology  
☐ C Encyclopedia ☐ D Directory
- 108. If your friend always thinks the best will happen, she's \_\_\_\_.** [B: 19-20]  
☐ A despondent ☐ B creative  
☐ C optimistic ☐ D critical
- 109. 'Mammal' means \_\_\_\_.** [A: 15-16]  
☐ A an animal that lives on milk  
☐ B a reptile that lives on meat  
☐ C an animal that eats insects  
☐ D an animal living on grass  
☐ E an animal that feeds its baby with its milk
- 110. A misogynist hates-** [14-15]  
☐ A men ☐ B liars  
☐ C the human race ☐ D women
- 111. A process involving too much official formality is called-** [14-15]  
☐ A Nepotism ☐ B Diplomacy  
☐ C Red-tapism ☐ D Bureaucracy  
☐ E Aristocracy
- 112. Supply the appropriate single word for the following phrase \_\_\_\_.** A place where earth and sky seem to meet. [A: 10-11]  
☐ A Admiral ☐ B Vortex  
☐ C Horizon ☐ D Rainbow  
☐ E None
- 113. Outlet means:** [A: 09-10]  
☐ A renting out ☐ B output  
☐ C outside the border ☐ D input  
☐ E the passage to let out something
- 114. The word 'ecological' is related to-** [A: 09-10]  
☐ A atmosphere ☐ B industry  
☐ C demography ☐ D weather  
☐ E environment
- 115. One who is more interested in the welfare of others than in one's own is \_\_\_\_.** [E: 08-09]  
☐ A egocentric ☐ B egomaniacal  
☐ C egomaniac ☐ D altruism
- ☐ E altruistic
- 116. A word with the same pronunciation as another but with a different meaning is called \_\_\_\_.** [B: 08-09]  
☐ A acronym ☐ B homonym  
☐ C pseudonym ☐ D antonym  
☐ E synonym
- 117. Mythology is the study of various beliefs about \_\_\_\_.** [B: 08-09]  
☐ A monsters and fairies ☐ B kings and queens  
☐ C gods and goddesses ☐ D knights and squires  
☐ E adventures and voyages
- 118. The science of heredity is \_\_\_\_.** [B: 02-03]  
☐ A Pathology ☐ B Genetics  
☐ C Radiology ☐ D Orthopedics  
☐ E Entomology
- 119. A lexicographer writes \_\_\_\_.** [A: 02-03]  
☐ A stories ☐ B novels  
☐ C letters ☐ D biographies  
☐ E dictionaries
- 120. A person who reads and thinks a lot is \_\_\_\_.** [D: 12-13]  
☐ A spiritual ☐ B intellectual  
☐ C witty ☐ D angry
- 121. The words fish, feed and pond all have something to do with-** [G: 12-13]  
☐ A Poultry farming ☐ B Horticulture  
☐ C Aquaculture ☐ D Sericulture  
☐ E Pisciculture
- 122. The word 'syntax' means-** [E: 12-13]  
☐ A Supplementary tax ☐ B Rules of sentence building  
☐ C Manner of speech ☐ D Synchronizing act  
☐ E Negative sentence
- 123. Litigant means-** [E: 2010-11]  
☐ A a convict ☐ B a prisoner  
☐ C an interrogator ☐ D a sufferings party  
☐ E a party to case
- 124. A person who was before another refers to-** [E: 10-11]  
☐ A Predecessor ☐ B Successor  
☐ C Progeny ☐ D Posterity  
☐ E Inheritor
- 125. Pertaining to handwriting as an artistic expression is-** [E: 09-10]  
☐ A cacography ☐ B callipygian  
☐ C calligraphy ☐ D graphology  
☐ E calligraphic
- 126. A 'Philatelist' is one who collects \_\_\_\_.** [G: 08-09]  
☐ A coins ☐ B stamps  
☐ C books ☐ D pictures  
☐ E stones
- 127. 'Ballad' is \_\_\_\_.** [F: 08-09]  
☐ A a kind of short narrative poem  
☐ B a kind of short condoling poem

- (C) a kind of short love poem  
 (D) a kind of short patriotic poem  
 (E) a kind of novel
- 128. A government by one man is \_\_\_\_.** [E: 07-08]  
 (A) Oligarchy (B) Autocracy  
 (C) Plutocracy (D) Aristocracy  
 (E) Theocracy
- 129. 'Elegy' is \_\_\_\_** [E: 07-08]  
 (A) Historical poem (B) Figurative story  
 (C) Song of lamentation (D) Short story  
 (E) Science fiction
- 130. A partner in crime is \_\_\_\_.** [E: 06-07]  
 (A) an accomplice (B) a patricide  
 (C) an atheist (D) a parricide  
 (E) an eccentric
- 131. 'A forgone conclusion' means \_\_\_\_.** [E: 06-07]  
 (A) an uneasy situation (B) false hope  
 (C) an anticipated result (D) quite familiar  
 (E) quite unfamiliar
- 132. One who cheats others is called \_\_\_\_.** [06-07]  
 (A) a cheater (B) a deceive  
 (C) a liar (D) a cheat  
 (E) a fraud
- 133. A paleontologist studies \_\_\_\_.** [B: 06-07]  
 (A) fossils and prehistoric forms of life  
 (B) medieval customs  
 (C) distant galaxies  
 (D) volcanoes  
 (E) none of these
- 134. Many islands make up \_\_\_\_.** [E: 05-06]  
 (A) an isles (B) an archipelago  
 (C) a peninsula (D) a continent  
 (E) All
- 135. A person who studied the scientific development language is a \_\_\_\_.** []  
 (A) Philatelist (B) Philanthropist  
 (C) Philologist (D) Pharmacologist

#### GST University

- 136. 'Hemorrhage' is related to \_\_\_\_.** [GST-B: 23-24]  
 (A) aviary (B) health  
 (C) fisheries (D) apiculture
- 137. Words written on the tombstone as an inscription are called an \_\_\_\_.** [GST-A: 22-23]  
 (A) epigraph (B) epitome  
 (C) epitaph (D) epic
- 138. The meaning of 'prodigious' is --** [GST-A: 21-22]  
 (A) great in leadership (B) a person in great pain  
 (C) exceptionally active  
 (D) remarkably great in mental or physical ability
- 139. A disease that affects a large number of people within a community is called-** [GST-B: 21-22]  
 (A) pandemic (B) paramedic  
 (C) infection (D) epidemic

- 140. When we have an unpleasant and frightening dream, we call it a \_\_\_\_.** [GST-C: 20-21]  
 (A) daydream (B) reverie  
 (C) nightmare (D) lullaby
- 141. My uncle, who is a cardiac surgeon, deals with \_\_\_\_.** [GST-B: 20-21]  
 (A) kidney patients (B) heart patients  
 (C) liver patients (D) patients with eye problems
- 142. The person who has the right to vote in an election is \_\_\_\_.** [GST-B: 20-21]  
 (A) an observer (B) a voter  
 (C) a candidate (D) an agent
- 143. A community of living and non-living things that work together is known as \_\_\_\_.** [GST-A: 20-21]  
 (A) vegetation (B) ecosystem  
 (C) cosmos (D) hydrology
- 144. First language means \_\_\_\_ language.** [CoU: 20-21]  
 (A) important (B) main  
 (C) natural (D) official
- 145. The word 'anthropology' is related to \_\_\_\_.** [IU-C: 19-20]  
 (A) The study of soil  
 (B) The study of evolution  
 (C) The study of mineral  
 (D) The study of mankind
- 146. 'Bibliography' means \_\_\_\_** [IU-C: 19-20]  
 (A) History of books (B) Worshiper of books  
 (C) List of books (D) Books of biology
- 147. Protection granted by a nation to someone who left his or her native country or as a political refugee is termed as-** [SUST-A: 19-20]  
 (A) suffrage (B) persecution  
 (C) refugee (D) illegal alien  
 (E) asylum
- 148. A pedestrian is the person who-** [SUST-B: 18-19]  
 (A) earns money (B) goes to office  
 (C) treats children (D) peddles  
 (E) walks
- 149. A vegetarian animal is called \_\_\_\_.** [JnU-B: 17-18]  
 (A) a herbivore (B) a carnivore  
 (C) a vegetarian (D) omnivore
- 150. One whose attitude is 'eat, drink and be merry' is \_\_\_\_.** [JnU-D: 17-18]  
 (A) Cynic (B) Stoic  
 (C) Epicurean (D) Materialistic
- 151. The murder of a king is called \_\_\_\_.** [JnU-D: 17-18]  
 (A) regicide (B) homicide  
 (C) matricide (D) patricide
- 152. One who breaks image is called \_\_\_\_.** [JnU-D: 17-18]  
 (A) Imposter (B) Iconoclast  
 (C) Cannibal (D) Aviary
- 153. In English grammar, \_\_\_\_ deals with the formation of sentence.** [JnU-E: 17-18]  
 (A) morphology (B) etymology  
 (C) syntax (D) semantics

**154. A person who studies the development of language**

is a-

[JnU-B: 16-17]

- (A) philatelist                      (B) philanthropist  
(C) pharmacologist                (D) philologist

**155. A person who writes plays is called a-** [JnU-B: 16-17]

- (A) play-write                      (B) play righter  
(C) lay righter                      (D) playwright

**156. One who journeys to a holy place is a \_\_\_\_**

[JnU-D: 16-17]

- (A) refugee                        (B) traveller  
(C) peddler                        (D) pilgrim

**157. Study of birds is called---** [BRUR-B: 16-17]

- (A) ornithology                      (B) oncology  
(C) otology                        (D) orology

**158. A person who writes about his own life writers-**

[JnU: 14-15]

- (A) a diary                        (B) a biography  
(C) a chronicle                      (D) an autobiography

**159. 'Ring master' is a person in charge of-** [JnU: 14-15]

- (A) a bus conductor                (B) a circus performer  
(C) a ticket checker                (D) one who sells rings

**160. "Study of religion" means \_\_\_\_.** [HSTU-E: 14-15]

- (A) Theology                      (B) Otology  
(C) Hippo logy                      (D) Petrology

**161. Murder of a brother is called-**

[JUST-D: 14-15]

- (A) Patricide                      (B) Regicide  
(C) Homicide                      (D) Fratricide  
(E) Genocide

**162. Which one is the suitable word to identify a person who is overwhelmed with the pleasure of shopping?**

[BSMRSTU-A: 13-14]

- (A) Marketoholic                      (B) Buyoholic  
(C) Shopaholic                      (D) Consumoholic

**163. The ability to read and write is \_\_\_\_.** [IU-F: 11-12]

- (A) education                      (B) learning  
(C) capabilities                      (D) literacy