

ISHAN'S ENGLISH CARE

Previous Years' Question

University
Admission

Topics: One Word Substitution

Dhaka University

- One who makes journey to a holy place is a/an _____. [DU-Humanities: 23-24]
 - (A) refugee
 - (B) traveller
 - (C) immigrant
 - (D) **pilgrim**
- 'There scores' means _____. [DU-Humanities: 23-24]
 - (A) thirty times
 - (B) three hundred times
 - (C) **three times twenty**
 - (D) less than twenty
- Because of its global status and colonial history, English is often considered to have-. [DU-B: 22-23]
 - (A) monopoly
 - (B) **hegemony**
 - (C) sanctimony
 - (D) equanimity
- If we are skeptical you are-. [A: 20-21]
 - (A) credulous
 - (B) villainous
 - (C) philosophical
 - (D) **doubtful**
- The expression 'distinctive qualities' means those qualities of a person which. [C: 19-20]
 - (A) are the same as those of others
 - (B) **make him\her different from others**
 - (C) emphasis honesty in him\her
 - (D) depend on his\her instincts
- A 'cardiologist' is a doctor who treats _____. [D: 18-19]
 - (A) cancer
 - (B) **heart patients**
 - (C) leprosy
 - (D) dengue fever
- An Ophthalmologist is a doctor of the _____. [D(re-exam): 18-19]
 - (A) bones
 - (B) nerves
 - (C) **eyes**
 - (D) nose and throat
- A strict vegetarian _____. [A: 17-18]
 - (A) rarely eats animal products
 - (B) sometimes eats eggs
 - (C) **never eats any animal products**
 - (D) never eats protein
- One who draws maps is called a _____. [D: 17-18]
 - (A) compositor
 - (B) **cartographer**
 - (C) apothecary
 - (D) curator
- The meaning of the word 'nocturnal' is _____. [D: 17-18]
 - (A) sleepy in the afternoon
 - (B) **occurring or active at night**
 - (C) sleepless during the day
 - (D) passive during night
- Substitution of an unpleasant of vulgar expression is called: [B: 15-16]
 - (A) euphemism
 - (B) alliteration
 - (C) alusion
 - (D) **eponym**
- "Plagiarism" is the act of _____. [B: 14-15]
 - (A) the study of diseases
 - (B) the study of evolution
 - (C) the study of minerals
 - (D) **the study of mankind**

- Pleasing somebody superficially
- making fun of somebody for amusement
- taking somebody's ideas without acknowledgment**
- indulging in self-satisfaction
- A closing speech in a play, often delivered after the completion of the main action, is called- [B: 14-15]
 - (A) a monologue
 - (B) **an epilogue**
 - (C) a prologue
 - (D) a dialogue
- A cobbler is a person who _____. [D: 14-15]
 - (A) sells shoes
 - (B) mends cobblestones
 - (C) **mends shoes**
 - (D) exports cobblestones
- The planting and care of woody plants, especially trees, is known as _____. [A: 13-14]
 - (A) arboriculture
 - (B) husbandry
 - (C) pisciculture
 - (D) aquaculture
- "Oncology" relates to _____. [A: 13-14]
 - (A) law
 - (B) **medicine**
 - (C) ecology
 - (D) environment
- "Malignancy" is _____. [A: 13-14]
 - (A) the feeling of hatred
 - (B) **the state of a disease likely to cause death**
 - (C) the science of maleness
 - (D) the belief in life after death
- A philanthropist is someone who _____. [A: 13-14]
 - (A) is extremely intelligent
 - (B) is rich and helps the poor and the needy
 - (C) studied philology
 - (D) understands the secret of the needy
- 'Pediatric' relates to the treatment of _____. [C: 12-13]
 - (A) adults
 - (B) women
 - (C) old people
 - (D) **children**
 - (E) men
- A mediator is _____. [C: 11-12]
 - (A) a thoughtful person
 - (B) a middle man
 - (C) a media expert
 - (D) someone inclined to meditation
 - (E) **a settler of disputes**
- The word 'anthropology' is related to _____. [D: 09-10]
 - (A) the study of diseases
 - (B) the study of evolution
 - (C) the study of minerals
 - (D) **the study of mankind**
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- One who eats human flesh is called- [JU-C: 23-24]

<p>23. A speech delivered without any previous preparation is called- [JU-C: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ beast Ⓑ cannibal Ⓒ voracious Ⓒ carnivorous Ⓐ abrupt Ⓑ spontaneous Ⓒ maiden Ⓒ extempore</p>	<p>36. In English grammar, ___ deals with the meaning of the sentences and words. [B: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ Syntax Ⓑ Morphology Ⓒ Semantics Ⓒ Etymology</p>
<p>24. Rahima is fluent in six different languages. Her language ability makes her a ___ [JU-C1: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ Bilingual Ⓑ Polyglot Ⓒ Monolingual Ⓒ Linguist</p>	<p>37. What kind of dream is soft and short lasting? [C: 17-18]</p> <p>Ⓐ sweet dream during sleep Ⓑ nightmare Ⓒ day dream Ⓒ hallucination</p>
<p>25. Story of old-time gods and heroes is known as – [JU-A: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ myth Ⓑ epic Ⓒ legend Ⓒ historic</p>	<p>38. A word which can be interpreted in any way is: [C: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ ambiguous Ⓑ confusing Ⓒ anachronistic Ⓒ foolish</p>
<p>26. Someone who designs house is ___ [JU-E: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ A designer Ⓑ An architect Ⓒ A builder Ⓒ A plumber</p>	<p>39. The custom of having many wives is called: [C: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ polygamy Ⓑ bigamy Ⓒ matrimony Ⓒ pigmy</p>
<p>27. If a part of speech or writing breaks the theme, it is called ___. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ pomposity Ⓑ exaggeration Ⓒ digression Ⓒ anti-climax</p>	<p>40. One who eats everything is: [C: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ omnivorous Ⓑ omnipotent Ⓒ omnipresent Ⓒ ominous</p>
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<p>28. One who abandons his religious faith is called ___. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ apostate Ⓑ profane Ⓒ prostate Ⓒ agnostic</p>	<p>41. The study of ancient societies: [RU-Business: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ Anthropology Ⓑ Anthology Ⓒ Archaeology Ⓒ History</p>
<p>29. 'A hater of knowledge and learning' is called- [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Bibliophile Ⓑ Misogynist Ⓒ Philologist Ⓒ Misologist</p>	<p>42. Something pathological is ___ [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ impossible to control Ⓑ under examination Ⓒ arising from pathos Ⓓ creating diseases</p>
<p>30. A person who is indifferent to pains and pleasure of life is called- [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Stoic Ⓑ Psychiatrist Ⓒ Sadist Ⓒ Aristocrat</p>	<p>43. One of the meanings of 'prolific' is ___ [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ unproductive Ⓑ fertile Ⓒ scarce Ⓒ stagnant</p>
<p>31. The people who carry a coffin at a funeral are called ___. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Undertakers Ⓑ Pallbearers Ⓒ Supporters Ⓒ Mourners</p>	<p>44. A philologist deals with development of ___ [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ Philosophy Ⓑ Philanthropy Ⓒ Language Ⓒ Knowledge</p>
<p>32. Substitute the following sentence with one word. A person who renounces the world and practices self-discipline in order to attain salvation. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Sceptic Ⓑ Devotee Ⓒ Ascetic Ⓒ Antiquarian</p>	<p>45. Lions are carnivores. Here 'carnivore' means- [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ Plant eater Ⓑ Fish eater Ⓒ Meat eater Ⓒ Vegetarian</p>
<p>33. Choose the most appropriate substitution. That which cannot be seen through. [C: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ Luminous Ⓑ Translucent Ⓒ Opaque Ⓒ Transparent</p>	<p>46. A person who is 100 years old or older than that is a- [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ century Ⓑ hundredth Ⓒ centenarian Ⓒ quadragenarian</p>
<p>34. In English grammar, ___ deals with the formation of sentences. [B: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ Syntax Ⓑ Morphology Ⓒ Semantics Ⓒ Etymology</p>	<p>47. A pilgrim is a person who undertakes a journey to- [RU-A: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ old cities Ⓑ a university Ⓒ a holy place Ⓒ a new country</p>
<p>35. In English grammar, ___ deals with the origin and history of the words. [B: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ Syntax Ⓑ Morphology Ⓒ Semantics Ⓒ Etymology</p>	<p>48. A speech full of too many words is- [RU-A: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ a big speech Ⓑ a maiden speech Ⓒ a verbose speech Ⓒ a laconic speech</p>
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<p>50. A dramatist is also called a- [RU-C: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ an interjection Ⓑ a conjunction Ⓒ a verb Ⓓ a preposition Ⓔ drama queen Ⓕ playwright Ⓖ playwrite Ⓗ dramatic</p>	<p>63. Who is a netizen? [A: 19-20]</p> <p>Ⓐ one who uses the internet Ⓑ a bad citizen Ⓒ one who is not a citizen of a country Ⓓ a citizen of Nottingham</p>
<p>51. A person who uses their strength to frighten or hurt weaker people is called- [RU-C: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ a fighter Ⓑ a bully Ⓒ a tool Ⓓ a cardre</p>	<p>64. Who is a misogynist? A man Who____. [A: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ hates women Ⓑ hates children Ⓒ is afraid of woman Ⓓ adores women</p>
<p>52. A playwright is a person who-- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ compose music for plays Ⓑ writes plays Ⓒ acts on stage Ⓓ owns a theatre</p>	<p>65. A person who eats human flesh is a____. [A: 18-19]</p> <p>Ⓐ carnivore Ⓑ cobbler Ⓒ cannibal Ⓓ cartographer</p>
<p>53. 'A narrative' is a form of writing that- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ tells a story Ⓑ gives features of something Ⓒ argues for or against something Ⓓ analysis a story</p>	<p>66. What is the meaning of 'genocide'? [A: 17-18]</p> <p>Ⓐ deliberate killing of a whole group or race of people Ⓑ killing of women and children Ⓒ general destruction Ⓓ killing of a king</p>
<p>54. A person who draws maps is called a- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ curator Ⓑ cartographer Ⓒ surveyor Ⓓ calligrapher</p>	<p>67. A person whose age is in the sixties is called a/an- [A: 15-16]</p> <p>Ⓐ Octogenarian Ⓑ Sixtyish Ⓒ 60-year-old Ⓓ Sexagenarian</p>
<p>55. The conversation between two characters in a play is called- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ prologue Ⓑ epilogue Ⓒ dialogue Ⓓ chorus</p>	<p>68. An introvert is one who is mostly _____. [A: 14-15]</p> <p>Ⓐ social Ⓑ interesting Ⓒ interactive Ⓓ self-absorbed</p>
<p>56. A personal letter does not contain- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ greetings Ⓑ date Ⓒ address Ⓓ subject line</p>	<p>69. An affidavit is- [E: 10-11]</p> <p>Ⓐ oral oath taking in the court Ⓑ written statement of a witness Ⓒ written statement made under oath Ⓓ written statement made in a court</p>
<p>57. 'A travelogue' is a- [A: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ travel guide Ⓑ travel map Ⓒ a piece of writing about travel Ⓓ a kind of travel sickness</p>	<p>70. 'One who breaks images' is called- [A: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ Importer Ⓑ Iconoclast Ⓒ Cannibal Ⓓ Aviary</p>
<p>58. One who gives public speeches is called: [C: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ a pacaher Ⓑ a leader Ⓒ an orator Ⓓ a loud speaker</p>	<p>71. A Patriot is____. [E: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ who loves his country Ⓑ who loves his family Ⓒ who loves his comrades Ⓓ who loves his children</p>
<p>59. A "hyperbole" is a/an..... [A: 20-21]</p> <p>Ⓐ authentic statement of something Ⓑ overstatement of something Ⓒ understatement of something Ⓓ hesitant statement of something</p>	<p>72. What is the dwelling place of a spider? [CU-Humanities: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ stable Ⓑ web Ⓒ igloo Ⓓ lair</p>
<p>60. "To scowl" is to..... [A: 20-21]</p> <p>Ⓐ look at someone in an angry way Ⓑ smile at someone Ⓒ hide your disgust for something Ⓓ express your love for someone</p>	<p>73. One who makes journey to a holy place is a/an_____. [CU-Humanities: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ refugee Ⓑ traveler Ⓒ immigrant Ⓓ pilgrim</p>
<p>61. The word "arrow" is associated with..... [A: 20-21]</p> <p>Ⓐ library Ⓑ archery Ⓒ river Ⓓ animal</p>	<p>74. 'Three scores' means _____. [CU-Humanities: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ thirty times Ⓑ three hundred times Ⓒ three times twenty Ⓓ less than twenty</p>
<p>62. One who loves books is called a-. [C: 20-21]</p> <p>Ⓐ bibliographer Ⓑ bibliophile Ⓒ book-maker Ⓓ books-lover</p>	<p>75. Where do penguins typically make their homes? [CU-Humanities: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ burrow Ⓑ den Ⓒ igloo Ⓓ nest</p>
	<p>76. Giving under favours to one's kith and kin is called_____. [CU-B: 23-24]</p>

<p>77. An 'elegy' is a _____. [CU-B: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ nepotism Ⓑ favouritism Ⓒ formalism Ⓒ meritocracy</p>	<p>Ⓒ errand Ⓑ trip Ⓓ none</p>
<p>78. A book of word and their synonyms is called a _____. [CU-B: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ thesaurus Ⓑ dictionary Ⓒ etymology Ⓒ collocation</p>	<p>Ⓐ easily irritated Ⓑ willing to cooperate Ⓒ exceedingly conceited and arrogant Ⓒ known for sudden changes in attitude or behavior</p>
<p>79. A person who writes or edits a ___ is called a lexicographer. [CU-B: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ letter Ⓑ book Ⓒ dictionary Ⓒ newspaper</p>	<p>90. Someone who is capricious is _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ corrigendum Ⓑ postscript Ⓒ NB Ⓒ RSVP</p>
<p>80. One who eats human flesh is _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ a ghost Ⓑ a cannibal Ⓒ a vampire Ⓒ a blood-sucker</p>	<p>91. An extra message added at the end of a letter after it is signed is called _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>92. The person who has committed such an ___ crime must be severely punished. [CU-B: 22-23]</p>
<p>81. 'Quorum' means _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ additional number Ⓑ number Ⓒ inadequate number Ⓒ required number</p>	<p>Ⓐ injurious Ⓑ unworthy Ⓒ uncharitable Ⓒ abominable</p>
<p>82. A person who studies the history of languages is a _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ philanthropist Ⓑ philologist Ⓒ philosopher Ⓒ playwright</p>	<p>93. The last sentence of a paragraph is called _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ topic sentence Ⓑ climax Ⓒ modulator Ⓒ terminator</p>
<p>83. The word 'oligarchy' refers to _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ government by a small group of very powerful people Ⓑ government by a large group of very powerful people Ⓒ government by a small group of the powerful people Ⓓ government by a large group of very powerful people</p>	<p>94. A man who is averse to change and progress is said to be _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ liberal Ⓑ hypocrite Ⓒ conservative Ⓒ ambitious</p>
<p>84. 'A cliche' is _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ an overused expression Ⓑ a novel expression Ⓒ a universal truth Ⓓ a clear expression</p>	<p>95. A fictitious name used by an author is a _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ taciturn Ⓑ pseudonym Ⓒ contronym Ⓒ taboo</p>
<p>85. 'Sub judice' refers to _____. [CU-D: 23-24]</p> <p>Ⓐ The cases which can be discussed in the media Ⓑ The cases which cannot be discussed in the media Ⓒ The cases which are against the state Ⓓ The cases which are in favour of the state</p>	<p>96. A person unable to pay his debts is _____. [CU-D: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ miser Ⓑ poor Ⓒ bankrupt Ⓒ solvent</p>
<p>86. A person who is unaffected by emotions is called _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ stoic Ⓑ pessimist Ⓒ optimist Ⓒ henpecked</p>	<p>97. A CHARLATAN is a person who _____. [CU-D: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ pretends to have skills that they don't have Ⓑ has kills Ⓒ works in a actives Ⓓ has honesty</p>
<p>87. The single word for 'hundredth anniversary' is _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ centenary Ⓑ jubilee Ⓒ sesquicentennial Ⓒ century</p>	<p>98. 'Seismology' is the study of ' ____ '. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ weather Ⓑ insects Ⓒ earthquakes Ⓒ plants</p>
<p>88. The gender-inclusive word for 'weatherman' is _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p> <p>Ⓐ meteorologist Ⓑ oncologist Ⓒ watcher Ⓒ caster</p>	<p>99. One who loves and serves mankind is called _____. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ an optimist Ⓑ a misanthropist Ⓒ a pantheist Ⓒ a philanthropist</p>
<p>89. A 'short journey to do a job' is called ' ____ '. [CU-B: 22-23]</p>	<p>100. Diaspora refers to people who are _____. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ permanent migrants Ⓑ unskilled migrant laborers Ⓒ foreign residents Ⓒ political leaders</p>
<p>90. A person who draws maps is a _____. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ lexicographer Ⓑ geologist Ⓒ topographer Ⓒ cartographer</p>	<p>101. A person who looks on the bright side of things is called _____. [B: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ pessimist Ⓑ optimist Ⓒ cynic Ⓒ anarchist</p>
<p>91. An animal story with a moral is called _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p>	<p>103. An animal story with a moral is called _____. [CU-B: 22-23]</p>

<p>[B1: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ fable Ⓑ tale Ⓒ parable Ⓒ allegory</p> <p>104. The original inhabitants of a country are called ____. [B1: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ citizens Ⓑ natives Ⓒ aborigines Ⓒ countrymen</p> <p>105. Life history of a person written by another is called ____. [B1: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ autobiography Ⓑ memoir Ⓒ biography Ⓒ elegy</p> <p>106. A person who lives in Moscow is known as a ____. [D: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Moscower Ⓑ Moscovian Ⓒ Moscowine Ⓒ Moscovite</p> <p>107. A book containing summarized information on all branches of knowledge is called ____. [D: 21-22]</p> <p>Ⓐ Dictionary Ⓑ Anthology Ⓒ Encyclopedia Ⓒ Directory</p> <p>108. If your friend always thinks the best will happen, she's ____. [B: 19-20]</p> <p>Ⓐ despondent Ⓑ creative Ⓒ optimistic Ⓒ critical</p> <p>109. 'Mammal' means ____. [A: 15-16]</p> <p>Ⓐ an animal that lives on milk Ⓑ a reptile that lives on meat Ⓒ an animal that eats insects Ⓓ an animal living on grass Ⓔ an animal that feeds its baby with its milk</p> <p>110. A misogynist hates- [14-15]</p> <p>Ⓐ men Ⓑ liars Ⓒ the human race Ⓒ women</p> <p>111. A process involving too much official formality is called- [14-15]</p> <p>Ⓐ Nepotism Ⓑ Diplomacy Ⓒ Red-tapism Ⓒ Bureaucracy Ⓔ Aristocracy</p> <p>112. Supply the appropriate single word for the following phrase ____. A place where earth and sky seem to meet. [A: 10-11]</p> <p>Ⓐ Admiral Ⓑ Vortex Ⓒ Horizon Ⓒ Rainbow Ⓔ None</p> <p>113. Outlet means: [A: 09-10]</p> <p>Ⓐ renting out Ⓑ output Ⓒ outside the border Ⓒ input Ⓔ the passage to let out something</p> <p>114. The word 'ecological' is related to- [A: 09-10]</p> <p>Ⓐ atmosphere Ⓑ industry Ⓒ demography Ⓒ weather Ⓔ environment</p> <p>115. One who is more interested in the welfare of others than in one's own is ____. [E: 08-09]</p> <p>Ⓐ egocentric Ⓑ egomaniacal Ⓒ egomaniac Ⓒ altruism</p>	<p>Ⓔ altruistic</p> <p>116. A word with the same pronunciation as another but with a different meaning is called ____. [B: 08-09]</p> <p>Ⓐ acronym Ⓑ homonym Ⓒ pseudonym Ⓒ antonym Ⓔ synonym</p> <p>117. Mythology is the study of various beliefs about ____. [B: 08-09]</p> <p>Ⓐ monsters and fairies Ⓑ kings and queens Ⓒ gods and goddesses Ⓒ knights and squires Ⓔ adventures and voyages</p> <p>118. The science of heredity is ____. [B: 02-03]</p> <p>Ⓐ Pathology Ⓑ Genetics Ⓒ Radiology Ⓒ Orthopedics Ⓔ Entomology</p> <p>119. A lexicographer writes ____. [A: 02-03]</p> <p>Ⓐ stories Ⓑ novels Ⓒ letters Ⓒ biographies Ⓔ dictionaries</p> <p>120. A person who reads and thinks a lot is ____. [D: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ spiritual Ⓑ intellectual Ⓒ witty Ⓒ angry</p> <p>121. The words fish, feed and pond all have something to do with- [G: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ Poultry farming Ⓑ Horticulture Ⓒ Aquaculture Ⓒ Sericulture Ⓔ Pisciculture</p> <p>122. The word 'syntax' means- [E: 12-13]</p> <p>Ⓐ Supplementary tax Ⓑ Rules of sentence building Ⓒ Manner of speech Ⓒ Synchronizing act Ⓔ Negative sentence</p> <p>123. Litigant means- [E: 2010-11]</p> <p>Ⓐ a convict Ⓑ a prisoner Ⓒ an interrogator Ⓒ a sufferings party Ⓔ a party to case</p> <p>124. A person who was before another refers to- [E: 10-11]</p> <p>Ⓐ Predecessor Ⓑ Successor Ⓒ Progeny Ⓒ Posterity Ⓔ Inheritor</p> <p>125. Pertaining to handwriting as an artistic expression is- [E: 09-10]</p> <p>Ⓐ cacography Ⓑ callipygian Ⓒ calligraphy Ⓒ graphology Ⓔ calligraphic</p> <p>126. A 'Philatelist' is one who collects ____. [G: 08-09]</p> <p>Ⓐ coins Ⓑ stamps Ⓒ books Ⓒ pictures Ⓔ stones</p> <p>127. 'Ballad' is ____. [F: 08-09]</p> <p>Ⓐ a kind of short narrative poem Ⓑ a kind of short condoling poem</p>
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<p>④ a kind of short love poem ⑤ a kind of short patriotic poem ⑥ a kind of novel</p>	<p>140. When we have an unpleasant and frightening dream, we call it a ____. [GST-C: 20-21]</p> <p>④ daydream ⑤ reverie ⑥ nightmare ⑦ lullaby</p>
<p>128. A government by one man is ____. [E: 07-08]</p> <p>④ Oligarchy ⑤ Autocracy ⑥ Plutocracy ⑦ Aristocracy ⑧ Theocracy</p>	<p>141. My uncle, who is a cardiac surgeon, deals with ____. [GST-B: 20-21]</p> <p>④ kidney patients ⑤ heart patients ⑥ liver patients ⑦ patients with eye problems</p>
<p>129. 'Elegy' is ____. [E: 07-08]</p> <p>④ Historical poem ⑤ Figurative story ⑥ Song of lamentation ⑦ Short story ⑧ Science fiction</p>	<p>142. The person who has the right to vote in an election is ____. [GST-B: 20-21]</p> <p>④ an observer ⑤ a voter ⑥ a candidate ⑦ an agent</p>
<p>130. A partner in crime is ____. [E: 06-07]</p> <p>④ an accomplice ⑤ a patricide ⑥ an atheist ⑦ a parricide ⑧ an eccentric</p>	<p>143. A community of living and non-living things that work together is known as ____. [GST-A: 20-21]</p> <p>④ vegetation ⑤ ecosystem ⑥ cosmos ⑦ hydrology</p>
<p>131. 'A forgone conclusion' means ____. [E: 06-07]</p> <p>④ an uneasy situation ⑤ false hope ⑥ an anticipated result ⑦ quite familiar ⑧ quite unfamiliar</p>	<p>144. First language means ____ language. [CoU: 20-21]</p> <p>④ important ⑤ main ⑥ natural ⑦ official</p>
<p>132. One who cheats others is called ____. [06-07]</p> <p>④ a cheater ⑤ a deceive ⑥ a liar ⑦ a cheat ⑧ a fraud</p>	<p>145. The word 'anthropology' is related to ____. [IU-C: 19-20]</p> <p>④ The study of soil ⑤ The study of evolution ⑥ The study of mineral ⑦ The study of mankind</p>
<p>133. A paleontologist studies ____. [B: 06-07]</p> <p>④ fossils and prehistoric forms of life ⑤ medieval customs ⑥ distant galaxies ⑦ volcanoes ⑧ none of these</p>	<p>146. 'Bibliography' means ____. [IU-C: 19-20]</p> <p>④ History of books ⑤ Worshiper of books ⑥ List of books ⑦ Books of biology</p>
<p>134. Many islands make up ____. [E: 05-06]</p> <p>④ an isles ⑤ an archipelago ⑥ a peninsula ⑦ a continent ⑧ All</p>	<p>147. Protection granted by a nation to someone who left his or her native country or as a political refugee is termed as- ____. [SUST-A: 19-20]</p> <p>④ suffrage ⑤ persecution ⑥ refugee ⑦ illegal alien ⑧ asylum</p>
<p>135. A person who studied the scientific development language is a ____. []</p> <p>④ Philatelist ⑤ Philanthropist ⑥ Philologist ⑦ Pharmacologist</p>	<p>148. A pedestrian is the person who- ____. [SUST-B: 18-19]</p> <p>④ earns money ⑤ goes to office ⑥ treats children ⑦ peddles ⑧ walks</p>
<p>GST University</p> <p>136. 'Hemorrhage' is related to ____. [GST-B: 23-24]</p> <p>④ aviary ⑤ health ⑥ fisheries ⑦ apiculture</p>	<p>149. A vegetarian animal is called ____. [JnU-B: 17-18]</p> <p>④ a herbivore ⑤ a carnivore ⑥ a vegetarian ⑦ omnivore</p>
<p>137. Words written on the tombstone as an inscription are called an ____. [GST-A: 22-23]</p> <p>④ epigraph ⑤ epitome ⑥ epitaph ⑦ epic</p>	<p>150. One whose attitude is 'eat, drink and be merry' is ____. [JnU-D: 17-18]</p> <p>④ Cynic ⑤ Stoic ⑥ Epicurean ⑦ Materialistic</p>
<p>138. The meaning of 'prodigious' is -- ____. [GST-A: 21-22]</p> <p>④ great in leadership ⑤ a person in great pain ⑥ exceptionally active ⑦ remarkably great in mental or physical ability</p>	<p>151. The murder of a king is called ____. [JnU-D: 17-18]</p> <p>④ regicide ⑤ homicide ⑥ matricide ⑦ patricide</p>
<p>139. A disease that affects a large number of people within a community is called- ____. [GST-B: 21-22]</p> <p>④ pandemic ⑤ paramedic ⑥ infection ⑦ epidemic</p>	<p>152. One who breaks image is called ____. [JnU-D: 17-18]</p> <p>④ Imposter ⑤ IIconoclast ⑥ Cannibal ⑦ Aviary</p>
<p></p>	<p>153. In English grammar, ____ deals with the formation of sentence. [JnU-E: 17-18]</p> <p>④ morphology ⑤ etyomlogy ⑥ syntax ⑦ semantics</p>

154. A person who studies the development of language is a- [JnU-B: 16-17]

(A) philatelist (B) philanthropist
(C) pharmacologist (D) philologist

155. A person who writes plays is called a- [JnU-B: 16-17]

(A) play-write (B) play righter
(C) lay righter (D) playwright

156. One who journeys to a holy place is a _____ [JnU-D: 16-17]

(A) refugee (B) traveller
(C) peddler (D) pilgrim

157. Study of birds is called--- [BRUR-B: 16-17]

(A) ornithology (B) oncology
(C) otology (D) orology

158. A person who writes about his own life writers- [JnU: 14-15]

(A) a diary (B) a biography
(C) a chronicle (D) an autobiography

159. 'Ring master' is a person in charge of- [JnU: 14-15]

(A) a bus conductor (B) a circus performer
(C) a ticket checker (D) one who sells rings

160. "Study of religion" means ____. [HSTU-E: 14-15]

(A) Theology (B) Otology
(C) Hippology (D) Petrology

161. Murder of a brother is called- [JUST-D: 14-15]

(A) Patricide (B) Regicide
(C) Homicide (D) Fratricide
(E) Genocide

162. Which one is the suitable word to identify a person who is overwhelmed with the pleasure of shopping? [BSMRSTU-A: 13-14]

(A) Marketoholic (B) Buyoholic
(C) Shopaholic (D) Consumoholic

163. The ability to read and write is ____. [IU-F: 11-12]

(A) education (B) learning
(C) capabilities (D) literacy